Workshop for experts from Bosnia and Herzegovina

Polish system for seeds and planting material registration

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Facts about Polish agriculture

- Country's surface 312,7
- Total no. of inhabitants 38,2 Mio people
- Vegetation period
- Precipitation
- Agricultural land
- So. of farms >1 ha

- 312,7 thousand km²
- **250** Days (on the average)
- **580-620** mm (on the average)
- 18,8 Mio ha
- **1,6** Mio
- Average farm size (>1 ha) 10,4 ha (ranging from 16-31 ha in Western part to 4-12 ha

in Eastern regions)

Structure of Polish territory

Agricultural land

- > Arable land
- > Permanent meadows
- > Permanent pastures
- > Orchards
- > Others

Forests

Land under water

Urbanized area

Others

- 60% (18,8 mln ha)
- 45% (13,9 mln ha)
- 7% (2,3 mln ha)
- 5% (1,6 mln ha)
- 1% (0,3 mln ha)
- 2% (0,7 mln ha)
- 31% (9,6 mln ha)
- 2% (0,6 mln ha)
- **5% (1,6 mln ha)**
- 2% (0,6 mln ha)

Main crops

	Acreage in 1000 ha		Average yield in dt/ha	
Cereals (total)	7715		35,6	
Wheat (Winter/Spring)	2159	(1728/430)	42,2	(43,8/34,7)
Triticale (Winter/Spring)	1197	(1057/140)	33,9	(34,4/29,1)
Rye (Winter)	1064		26,2	
Cereal interspecies mixtures (Winter/Spring)	1193	(93/1099)	29,7	(30,9/29,6)
Barley (Winter/Spring)	1051	(211/840)	34,5	(38,8/33,3)
Maize (grain/silage)	847	(404/443)	(68,3/	/477)
Oat	546		26,7	
Oilseed Rape (Winter/Spring)	832	(777/55)	24,0	(24,4/17,8)
Potato	393		227	
Pulses (for grain and green matter)	200	(183/17)	(22,	0/174)
Sugar beet	207		546	
Vegetables	171			
(Onion(3)/Cabbage(1)/Carot(1)/Cucumber(3)/Cauliflow	ver(4)/Tom	nato(7)/Beet	root(1) - 25	/24/22/15/10/10/10
Fruit plants	423			
(Apple(2)/Strawberry(2)/Currant(2)/Cherry(1)/Raspber 10	ry(3)/Plun	n/SweetChe	rry/Pear183	8/45/43/34/28/19/12/

Organic farming (2012) - 661 687 ha in 25 944 farms

Legal basis of activities

National regulations:

- The Polish Seed Act, of November 9, 2012
- The Law on the Legal Protection of Plant Varieties, of June 26, 2003
- **Other (eg organic farming, on genetically modified organisms, the chemical substances and preparations)**
- The Law on the Research Centre for Cultivar Testing , of November 25, 2010, and
 - Degree of Minister for Agriculture and Rural Development of 21 December 2010 on the statute of the Research Centre for Cultivar Testing
 - Degree of Minister for Agriculture and Rural Development of 24 December 2010 on the salary of workers of the Research Centre for Cultivar Testing and for the other benefits related to the work
 - Degree of Minister for Agriculture and Rural Development of 7 November 2011 on the method for determining surplus of the financial resources in the Research Centre for Cultivar Testing

Centralny Ośrodek Badania Odmian Roślin Uprawnych The Research Centre for Cultivar Testing (COBORU)



Address: The Research Centre for Cultivar Testing 63-022 Słupia Wielka, woj. Wielkopolskie, Poland Phone: (+48 61) 285 23 41; Fax: (+48 61) 285 35 58 E-mail: sekretariat@coboru.pl; Website: www.coboru.pl

Legal basis of COBORU activities

Relevant EU and international regulations

- International Convention for Protection of New Varieties of Plants, of 2 December, 1961, as revised at Geneva on 10 November, 1972, on 23 October 1978 and 19 March, 1991
- Council Directive 2002/53/EC of 13 June 2002 on the common catalogue of varieties of agricultural plant species
- Council Directive 2002/55/EC of 13 June 2002 on the marketing of vegetable seed
- Commission Directive 2002/8/EC of 6 February 2002 amending Directives 72/168/EEC and 72/180/EEC concerning the characteristics and minimum conditions for examining vegetable and agricultural varieties respectively
- Commission Decision 2004/842/EC of 1 December, 2004 concerning implementing rules whereby Member States may authorize the placing on the market of seed belonging to varieties for which an application for entry in the national catalogue of varieties of agricultural plant species or vegetable species has been submitted
- Council Regulation (EC) No 2100/94 of 27 July 1994 on Community plant variety rights
- CPVO technical Protocols (TP) and UPOV Test Guidelines (TGP)



The Research Centre for Cultivar Testing (2)

- > The activity of the Research Centre shall be financed from:
 - 1) the state budget in the form of subsidies:
 - a) subjective for subsidizing current activity of the institution,
 - b) purposeful for financing or subsidizing statutory tasks
 - 2) revenues:
 - a) income from agricultural activity,
 - b) income from experimental services,
 - c) miscellaneous incomes;
 - > The Research Centre shall be comprised of:
 - 1) the central office;
 - 2) experimental stations for cultivar testing, hereinafter referred to as "regional divisions" (16).



The Research Centre for Cultivar Testing (1)

- 1. Research Centre for Cultivar Testing is a Public Finance Sector Unit and possesses legal personality.
- 2. The Research Centre is an Executive Agency as defined by Article 18 of the Act of 27 August 2009 on public finance. (O.J. No. 157, Item 1240, as amended).
- 3. The Research Centre shall be supervised by the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development



General information on COBORU

- COBORU is the National Variety Office with headquarters in Słupia Wielka, near Poznan
- COBORU organization structure



• Headquarters Employment - 110 persons, including 44 technical specialists

COBORU variety testing network



16 Experimental Stations for Variety Testing (SDOO) including additional:

34 Experimental Substations for Variety Testing (ZDOO)

The size of SDOO/PD:

- < 50 ha 19 SDOO/ZDOO
- 50 250 ha 24 SDOO/ZDOO
 - > 250 ha 7 SDOO/ZDOO

Total area of farmland possessed: 5948 ha

Employment - 558 people, including 162 examiners

The main tasks of Research Centre for Cultivar Testing

The Office is responsible for:

- > national listing (NLI)
- > the administration of national PVP system
- coordination of national post-registration variety testing system and variety recommendation (PDOiR)
- conducting of post-control variety tests
- authorization for marketing (seed belonging to varieties for which an application for entry to the National Catalogue of Varieties has been submitted
- > conducting of official variety examinations:
 - DUS testing
 - VCU assessment
- > publishing of the official information on varieties



Co-operation between COBORU and national and international units





COBORU publications

Lista odmian

roślin rolniczych

Polish National Lis pricultural Plant Va

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2014

Słupis Wielks

LISTY

ych do krajowego rejestru w Polsce

DIARIUSZ CENTRALNEGO OŚRODKA BADANIA ODMIAN ROŚLIN UPRAWNYCH **POLISH GAZETTE** FOR PLANT BREEDERS' RIGHTS AND NATIONAL LIST

6(119) 2013

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Polish Gazette for Plant Breeders' Rights and National List

Results of Post-registration Variety Testing (PDOiR) and Official Variety Testing





Cultivar News

> The **COBORU** Bulletin



Polish National List of Agricultural, **Vegetable and Fruit Plants Varieties**

Lista odmian

roślin warzywnych

wpisanych do krajowego rejestru w Polsce

Polish National List of Vegetable Plant Varie

Słupia Wielka

Lista odmian

roślin

sadowniczych

sanych do krajowego rejes

Polish National Lis f Fruit Plant Varietie

2014

Słupia Wielkz



Descriptive Lists of Agricultural, **Vegetable and Fruit Plants Varieties**



National Register of Varieties

(state for 10 march 2015)

Field crops -Vegetables-Fruit plants-Total -

 1 309 varieties (71 species)
 (+24)

 811varieties (55 species)
 (-54)

 326 varieties (28 species)
 (+1)

 2 446 varieties (154 species)
 (-29)

Register of Varieties Protected by National Plant Breeders' Rights (state for 10 march 2015)

Field crops -615 varieties(-25)Vegetables-217 varieties(-7)Fruit plants-118 varieties(-10)Ornamental plants-216 varieties(-38)Total -1166 varieties(-80)



Polish National List (NLI)



Number of varieties inscribed to The Polish National List



Register of Varieties Protected by Plant Breeders' Rights (PBR)





Official Variety Testing in COBORU

- > **DUS Testing**
- Post-control
- VCU Assessment
- Post-registration variety testing and recommendation
- Post-registration variety testing for preparing of Describtive Lists
- Pro-ecological and heterogeneous material testing

Yearly, around 1 400 varieties are tested (VCU) in above 3 000 field trials



DUS testing

- DUS tests are performed to see if a variety is: distinct, uniform and stable,
- The DUS testing is conducted within the COBORU testing network,
- > Tests are done in 1–2 locations, for 1–3 (5) years,
- DUS tests are conducted according to COBORU Guidelines, prepared on the basis of the UPOV Test Guidelines and the CPVO Technical Protocols,
- Living collections of the Reference Collection for each genus or species in which varieties are tested, are maintained.



VCU Assessment V – Value for C – Cultivation U - and Use

in Poland



Integration of Official Variety Testing for Variety Listing with Variety Recomendation in Poland



The methodology of Official VCU assessment

- * Breeders supply seeds directly to experimental sites or to SDOO Słupia Wielka
- Seeds are chemically treated by breeders (Maize, Sugar Beet), by SDOO Słupia Wielka (Oilseed Rape) or by Experimental Points (Cereals)
- * Two levels of input intensity in cereal trials (Wheat, Barley, Triticale and part of Sugar Beet)
- ***** All trials are obligatorily protected against weeds and insects
- ***** Some trials are obligatorily protected against:
 - Phytophtora infestans (Potato)
 - Cercospora beticola (part of Sugar Beet)
- ***** Trial designs:
 - Randomised block design (< 16 varieties)
 - Incomplete block design alpha design (\geq 16 varieties)



Post-registration variety testing system (PDOiR) and

variety recomendation



Legal basis of PDOiR activities

Post-registration cultivar testing system (PDO) activities are regulated by the following acts:

DIRECTLY

Seed Law from 9 November 2012 (O. J. from 2012, item 1512) - art. 27

Art. 27.1. The Research Centre, in co-operation with the voivodeship self-governments and with agricultural chambers, shall conduct the Post-registration variety testing, for important from the economic point of view plant species within the territory of the voivodeship, with varieties included in the National Register or in The Common Catalogue.

2. Post-registration variety testing shall be conducted according to the methods and procedures elaborated by Director General of the Research Centre.

3. The methods and procedures, referred to in paragraph 2, Director General of the Research Centre elaborats in consultation with the minister competent for agriculture.

4. For varieties of plant species included in the Post-registration variety testing, variety descriptive lists shall be produced. 5. On the basis of the results of the Post-registration variety testing, The Research Centre in consultation with voivodeship self-government and the agricultural chamber shall determine a list of varieties recommended for cultivation within the territory of the voivodeship

INDIRECTLY

Law on council of voivodeship from 5 June 1998 (O. J. from 1998., No. 91, item 576, with later

changes) – art. 14.1 point. 1 and 6

€ Law on Agricultural Chambers from 14 December 1995 (*O. J. from 1996, No. 1, item 3 and from 2001, No. 81, item 875*) − art. 5.1, points 5 and 6

Law on Agricultural Advisory Centres from 22 October 2004 (O. j. from 2004, No. 251, item 2507) – art. 4, points 2.6



Description of the PDOiR System

- Voivodeship-based, inter-institutional variety testing system for the most important cultivated plants, aimed at variety recommendation
- Large synergy effects arising from co-operation of different parties engaged in variety testing, both on regional and national levels
- The Research Centre for Cultivar Testing in cooperation with local Self-governments and Agricultural Chambers is responsible for PDO coordination in the whole country
- On the basis of PDO results "The lists of recommended varieties for cultivation within the territory of the voivodeships", are produced



VARIETY RECOMMENDATION Lists of varieties recommended for cultivation within the territory of the voivodeships in 2014

Voi vodeshi p	Winter Wheat	Winter Barley	Winter Triticale	Winter Rye	Spring Wheat	Spring Barley	Oat	Spring Triticale	Winter Rape	Spring Rape	Potato	Narrow Leaved Lupin	Yellow Lupin	Field Pea	No. Species recom- mended in voivodeship
dolnośląskie	7	3	4	4	5	4	6		6		15				9
kujawsko-pomorskie	10	4	6	6	4	8	6	3	11	6	12	5	3	5	14
lubelskie	12	4	8	7	8	7			8		10			4	9
lubuskie	12		9	10	7	7	6	6	16						8
łódzkie	10	3	10	10	9	10	3	3	10		15				10
małopolskie	13		6	7	9	9	8				16				7
mazowieckie	10	4	10	7	7	10	4	3			15				9
opolskie	13	8	7	7	7	7	4		12		17				9
podkarpackie	9	5	7	7	7	8	7		6	8					9
podlaskie	10	3	8	6	5	6	7	3						3	9
pomorskie	15	4	8	6	4	5	3	2	9	4	19			5	12
śląskie	13	7	8	6	7	10	10	4	16		15			6	11
świętokrzyskie	13		9	8	9	9	9				16				7
warmińsko-mazurskie	10	4	8	8	8	7	4		11		16				9
wielkopolskie	6	5	5	6	6	5	4		9		21				9
zachodniopomorskie	7	3	5	8	4	4	4	4	12	4	23				11
No. varieties recomended within the species in all voivodeship	38	14	23	18	16	25	16	6	40	11	36	5	3	10	261
No. Voivodeship with recomended lists	16	13	16	16	16	16	15	8	12	4	13	1	1	5	

Laboratory analyses

Laboratory analyses of plant material from the experiments are carried out in the Chemical-Technological Laboratory of the SDOO Słupia Wielka.

Each year, 7-8 thousand samples of plant material are analysed.

In the frame of VCU assessment the following qualitative features are tested:

- content of nutriments: protein, fat, carbohydrates, etc.
- content of antinutriments: alkaloids, glucosinolates, nitrates, tannins, etc.
- baking properties
- malting value

The electrophoretical analysis of the storage proteins of some selfpollinated crops is used as a supplementing test in the DUS examination. Ploidy for grasses.



"EU variety recognition trials" (for varieties from CCA)

- The same testing procedure as in whole PDOiR system is applied
- → Varieties from CCA are tested within the regular PDOiR trials
- → EU variety recognition trials results are published separately
- → All costs of EU variety recognition trials are covered by the applicants (breeders)



VCU tests for Descriptive Lists

(18 species of vegetable and 8 species of fruit plants)

The aim of this post-registration VCU examination is to prepare the Descriptive Lists which contain information about value for cultivation and use of vegetable and fruit plants varieties inscribed to the Polish National List (NLI)

Vegetables	No. trials	No. tested varieties	Fruits	No. trials	No. tested varieties	
Onion	30 (+5)	29	Apple	45	36	
Red Beet	6	8	Pear	6	6	
Leek	12 (+5)	11	Plum	6	4	
Carrot	12 (+6)	23	I IUIII	U	4	
Persley	(+6)	12	Cherry	17	7	
Pepper	9	16	Blackcurrant	4	5	
Tomato	12	27	Descherver	-	-	
Cucumber	21 (+9)	32	Raspberry	6	8	
French bean	18	29	Strawberry	11	15	
Total in 2013	120 (+31)	187	Total in 2013	95	81	

Post control tests

Group of species	Number of samples						
	2010	2011	2012	2013			
Agricultural	2564	2583	2860	2863			
- spring	1068	1037	1171	1259			
- winter	1043	1068	1187	1169			
- perenial plants	453	478	502	435			
Vegetable	213	229	241	199			
In total	2777	2812	3101	3062			



Pro-ecological research activities in COBORU

- Pro-ecological variety testing (Experimental Station in Węgrzce near Kraków)
- Testing of heterogeneous material (intraand interspecies mixtures of Cereals and Legumes) mostly in marginal areas
- Grass-Legumes mixture experiments (mostly in mountain areas



• http://www.coboru.pl/English/index_eng.aspx

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IMPORTANT NOTICE: NEW APPLICATION DOCUMENTS TO THE POLISH NATIONAL LIST

Search for variety ...

Mission statement

To stimulate innovation in plant breeding

and seed production

and

to support implementation of plant variety progress into agriculture.

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State Plant Health and Seed Inspection Service (SPHSIS)



Organizational Indicators

- 16 voivodships include 379 poviats according to administrative division of the country
- 16 voivodship inspectorates include 271 field units and 12 border divisions.
- SPHSIS's staff 2 248 workers





Organizational Chart - SPHSIS





Tasks of State Plant Health and Seed Inspection Service

- supervision of plant health
- supervision of the marketing and use of plant protection products
- production supervision, evaluation and marketing of seed



Production supervision, evaluation and marketing of seed

- field and laboratory evaluation, as well as evaluation of external features of seed;
- control of the identity of seed;
- control of the observance of principles and requirements regarding manufacturing, evaluation, storage and trading in seed, including genetically modified seed;
- accreditation regarding sampling and evaluation of seed and control of the conditions for their processing;
- issue of official labels control of seed imported from third countries and establishment of the level of eligibility of this seed;
- evaluation of seed in case of an appeal against an evaluation conducted by accredited entities

Thank you for your attention